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ஆண்டிறுதி மதிப்பீடு - 2020
Year End Evaluation

ශ්‍රේණිය } 11 தரம் } Grade }	විෂයය } English Language பாடம் } Subject }	පත්‍රය } II வினாத்தாள் } Paper }	කාලය } 02 hours காலம் } Time }
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Name : Index No.

For Examiners use only

Q. No.	Marks
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	

Paper II Total

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 Marked by

Important :-

- ◆ Write your name / Index Number clearly.
- ◆ The paper II consists of 8 questions. (Q.No. 9-16)
- ◆ Answer all the questions.

Test 09

Select a word from the box which has a similar meaning to the word / phrase given within brackets and write it in the space provided. *The first one is done for you.* There are **three** extra words.

luxurious,	shallow,	momentous,
affordable,	amenitites,	destinations,
tranquil,	approximately,	fringed

Sri Lanka offers one of the most beautiful beach (1) **destinations** (journeys' ends) in the world, with miles of powdery golden beaches that are (2) (edged) with coconut palms. The southern beaches are sandier than the western ones and do not shelve deeply into the sea. The eastern and northern coastal beaches stretch from Arugam Bay up to Kuchchaveli (3) (just about) 275km long. Pristine beaches, wide stretches of sand, miles of clear and (4) (of little depth) water, and underwater coral gardens will always take one's breath away. The southern section of the east coast includes the (5) (calm) and beautiful beaches of Passikudah and Kalkudah. Spending some time is (6) (unforgettable) on such peaceful beaches.

(05 marks)

Test 10

Underline the most suitable word within brackets.

Dambulla is the biggest attraction in the Cultural Tringle in many aspects. Being located in the center of Sri Lanka, Dambulla is an (1) (importance, important, importantly) destination for tourists with natural, cultural, historical, adventurous and mysterious (2) (attracting, attractions, attracted).

"Kaludiya Pokuna" (pond) in Kandalama off Kandalama lake is a strange place with many (3) (myth, mythically, mythical) stories orbit around it. (4) (Hidden, Hid, Hide) deep in the forest close to North West side of Kandalama lake, the ancient (5) (ruining, ruins, ruined) of Kaludiya Pokuna are all that is left of a Buddhist Monastery. Shrouded in secrecy by the thick (6) (surround, surrounding, surroundings) jungle, the ruins host a biodiversity range of wildlife.

At this unique site the guests are (7) (unlike, likely, unlikely) to hear anything other than birdsong and the (8) (occasion, occasionally, occasional) rustle of animals moving through the thicket. Being largely (9) (neglect, neglecting, neglected) and in a much greater stage of decay than many of the more famous sites in the area, the allure of Kaludiya Pokuna is in its wild (10) (taming, tamed, untamed) beauty.

(5 marks)

Test 11

Fill in the blanks with the words given in the box. There is one extra word.

daily, electrical, For, greatly, imagine, lives, of, read, result, technology, to , little, think, transport, many

Essentially, science and technology have introduced us to the establishment of modern civilization. This development contributes (1) to almost every aspect of our (2) life. Hence, people get the chance (3) enjoy these results, which make our (4) more relaxed and pleasurable.

If we (5) about it, there are numerous benefits (6) science and technology. They range from (7) things to the big ones. (8) instance, the morning paper which we (9) that delivers unreliable information is a (10) of scientific progress. In addition, the (11) devices without life is hard to (12) Furthermore, if we look at the (13) scenario, we notice how science and (14) play a major role here as well. We can quickly move to the other part of the earth within hours, all thanks to advancing technology.

(7 marks)

Test 12

Complete the following passage using the most appropriate form of the verb given within brackets. *The first one is done for you.*

The Titanic, a luxury British steamship (1)^{sunk}..... (sink) in the North Atlantic Ocean in the early hours of April 15, 1912 after striking an iceberg during her maiden voyage. It (2) (take) the White Star Company three years to build the giant Titanic. The first - class accommodation (3) (design) to be the pinnacle of comfort with a gymnasium, swimming pool, libraries and high - class restaurants. Although the Titanic had advanced safety features, it (4) (have) only a total of 20 lifeboats. Hence, more than 1500 out of 2240 passengers and crew on board (5) (lose) their lives in the marine disaster. The wreckage (6) (spot) in 1985 during a Franco - American expedition.

(5 marks)

Test 13

Read the poem and answer the questions.

She lives in a garret
Up a haunted stair,
And even when she's frightened
There's no body to care.

She cooks so small a dinner
She dines on the smell,
And even if she is hungry
There's nobody to tell.

She sweeps her musty lodging
As the dawn steals near,
And even when she's crying
There's nobody to hear.

I haven't seen my neighbour
Since a long time ago
And even if she's dead
There's nobody to know.

(1) Underline the correct answer.

She lives

- a. in a hotel room b. in an attic room c. on a stare

(2) Does she cook enough to eat?

.....

(3) What does she do early in the morning?

.....

(4) Write the line which shows the writer's relationship with "she".

.....

(5) What kind of a life does she live?

.....

(5 marks)

Test 14

Write on one of the following. Use about 100 words.

(a) You are the secretary of the Health Club of your school. You have organized a health programme. Write a letter to the director of the hospital of your area, inviting him to make a speech in the health programme.

• Include the following :

- the purpose of the programme
- the time, date and venue of the programme.
- what the speech should be about

Or

(b) The following bar graph shows the result of a survey conducted among 100 students in your school about different types of stories they like to read. Study the chart and write a description about it.

Use the following words in your description.

highest, lowest, more, less, equal, none
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Test 15

Read the following text and answer the questions given below.

Four of the planets - Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune - have a lot in common: they are giants compared to the other planets, and they are all gaseous. They are mostly made up of hydrogen and helium, with small amounts of other chemical elements. None of them have solid surfaces, and when we look at them, we see their colourful gas atmospheres, but deep below the surface are small, round centers of rock. As a result of their size and make up, these four planetary giants are often described as the gas giants.

The methane gas in Uranus and Neptune gives these two planets their blue - green colouring. Uranus stands out from all the other planets because **it** lies on its side. It is thought that young Uranus was knocked into this position by a giant space rock in the distant past. Its neighbour, Neptune, has bizarre weather. Energy from the Sun heats up Earth and drives its weather, but cold Neptune is 30 times farther away from the Sun. It has monstrous storms and unbearably fast winds.

Jupiter is the largest giant. Earth would fit across its face 11 times, and it has a mass that is 2.5 times that of all the other planets combined. Young Jupiter was even bigger - five times its present size. The planet shrinks by around 0.8 inch (2cm) a year as it cools. Saturn, the next largest, is almost twice as far from the Sun as Jupiter is. It is an imperfect ball shape - the region around its equator bulges. Saturn has very clear rings, and we get different views of **these** as the planet orbits the Sun. Sometimes we see them from above and at other times from below.

The top layers of Jupiter's and Saturn's gas atmospheres make colourful bands that go all the way around the planets. Storms grow and rage within the atmospheres of these two planets. A colossal storm on Jupiter, called the Great Red Spot has been raging and swirling for more than 300 years. No one knows how much longer it could last, but it could potentially be seen for generations to come.

(1) State whether the following statements are **True (T)** or **False (F)** by writing "T" or "F" in the space given.

- | | |
|--|---------|
| I. Jupiter and Uranus have solid surfaces. | (.....) |
| II. Neptune and Uranus get their colours from a special gas. | (.....) |
| III. Uranus has dreadful storms. | (.....) |
| IV. Neptune has the fastest winds of all the planets. | (.....) |

(1/2x4 = 2 marks)

(2) Write the sentence which says that the Saturn's shape is not exactly a ball.

.....

(1 mark)

(3) Name the planet that shrinks when it cools.

.....

(1 mark)

(4) Find a word from the text closest in meaning to each phrase given below.

I. Very strange or unusual (paragraph 2)

.....

II. moving in a spiraling pattern (paragraph 4)

.....

(1x2 = 2 marks)

(5) What do the following words in the text refer to?

I. "it" in paragraph 2 line 2

.....

II. "these" in paragraph 3 line 5

.....

(1/2x2 = 1 mark)

(6) Underline the most suitable title for the given text.

a. Stormy worlds

b. Solar system

c. Gigantic planets

d. Space rocks

(1 mark)

(8 marks)

Test 16

Write on one of the following. Use about 200 words.

(a) An essay on 'Save forests for better environment'.

You may include the following:

- what the forests are
- what the present situation of forests is
- how we can save forests
- steps that can be taken to save forests.

(b) An article to the school magazine on the following topic.

"How careful we should be as pedestrians".

You may include the following:

- who the pedestrians are
- what dangers the pedestrians face
- why we should be careful
- how we can protect ourselves

(c) Write a speech you would make at the school assembly on "Unity is the strength".

You may include the following:

- what unity is
- how unity becomes the strength
- why unity is important in your personal life
- why unity is important in your social life

(d) Complete the following dialogue.

Rusith : I'm really tired and thirsty.

Chamith : Did you play in the sun?

Rusith : Yes.

Chamith : There is a notice saying not to play in the sun these days.

Rasith : What's the reason for that? (15 marks)

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